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# **RESEARCH ARTICLE**

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### **Special Section:**

The CNRM Climate and Earth System Models for CMIP6

#### **Key Points:**

- This study introduces CNRM-ESM2-1 and describes its set-up for CMIP6
- Represented Earth system processes further impact the model response to external forcing than the model performance over present-day
- Represented Earth system processes damp future warming by up to 10%

## **Supporting Information:**

Supporting Information S1

### **Correspondence to:**

R. Séférian, roland.seferian@meteo.fr

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# **Evaluation of CNRM Earth System Model, CNRM-ESM2-1: Role of Earth System Processes in Present-Day** and Future Climate

Roland Séférian<sup>1</sup> D, Pierre Nabat<sup>1</sup> D, Martine Michou<sup>1</sup> D, David Saint-Martin<sup>1</sup> D, Aurore Voldoire (D), Jeanne Colin (D), Bertrand Decharme (D), Christine Delire (D), Sarah Berthet<sup>1</sup>, Matthieu Chevallier<sup>1</sup>, Stephane Sénési<sup>1</sup>, Laurent Franchisteguy<sup>1</sup>, Jessica Vial<sup>2</sup>, Marc Mallet<sup>1</sup>, Emilie Joetzjer<sup>1</sup>, Olivier Geoffroy<sup>1</sup>, Jean-François Guérémy<sup>1</sup>, Marie-Pierre Moine<sup>3</sup>, Rym Msadek<sup>3</sup> D, Aurélien Ribes<sup>1</sup> D, Matthias Rocher<sup>1</sup>, Romain Roehrig<sup>1</sup>, David Salas-y-Mélia<sup>1</sup>, Emilia Sanchez<sup>3</sup>, Laurent Terray<sup>3</sup> D, Sophie Valcke<sup>3</sup> D, Robin Waldman<sup>1</sup> D, Olivier Aumont<sup>4</sup> D, Laurent Bopp<sup>2</sup>, Julie Deshayes<sup>4</sup>, Christian Éthé<sup>5</sup>, and Gurvan Madec<sup>4,6</sup>

<sup>1</sup>CNRM, Université de Toulouse, Météo-France, CNRS, Toulouse, France, <sup>2</sup>Ecole Normale Supérieure/PSL Res. Univ, Ecole Polytechnique, Sorbonne Université, Paris, France, <sup>3</sup>CECI, Université de Toulouse, CNRS, CERFACS, Toulouse, France, <sup>4</sup>LOCEAN-IPSL, Sorbonne Université-CNRS-IRD-MNHN, Paris, France, <sup>5</sup>Institut Pierre Simon Laplace, Paris, France, <sup>6</sup>INRIA, Université Grenoble Alpes, Grenoble, France

Abstract This study introduces CNRM-ESM2-1, the Earth system (ES) model of second generation developed by CNRM-CERFACS for the sixth phase of the Coupled Model Intercomparison Project (CMIP6). CNRM-ESM2-1 offers a higher model complexity than the Atmosphere-Ocean General Circulation Model CNRM-CM6-1 by adding interactive ES components such as carbon cycle, aerosols, and atmospheric chemistry. As both models share the same code, physical parameterizations, and grid resolution, they offer a fully traceable framework to investigate how far the represented ES processes impact the model performance over present-day, response to external forcing and future climate projections. Using a large variety of CMIP6 experiments, we show that represented ES processes impact more prominently the model response to external forcing than the model performance over present-day. Both models display comparable performance at replicating modern observations although the mean climate of CNRM-ESM2-1 is slightly warmer than that of CNRM-CM6-1. This difference arises from